

1 Bingham McCutchen LLP
2 WENDY M. LAZERSON (SBN 97285)
3 wendy.lazerson@bingham.com
4 ELIZABETH CARROLL (SBN 234751)
5 betsy.carroll@bingham.com
6 EMILY LEAHY (SBN 253866)
7 emily.leahy@bingham.com
8 1900 University Avenue
9 East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2223
10 Telephone: 650.849.4400
11 Facsimile: 650.849.4800

12 Attorneys for Defendant
13 General Motors Corporation

14 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

15 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

16 BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on
17 behalf of all other similarly situated
18 current and former employees of
19 Defendants in the State of California,

20 Plaintiffs,

21 v.

22 AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland
23 Corporation; GENERAL MOTORS
24 CORPORATION, a Delaware
25 Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100
26 inclusive,

27 Defendants.

28 No. 08-CV-1076W(NLS)

29 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF
30 NOTICE TO OPPOSING PARTY
31 OF REMOVAL TO FEDERAL
32 COURT

33 Complaint Filed: May 8, 2008

34 TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT:

35 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on June 17, 2006, Defendant General
36 Motors Corporation (“GM”), filed with the Superior Court of California, County of
37 San Diego, and served on the adverse party in this action, Plaintiff Brian Hough, a
38 Notice to Adverse Party of Removal to Federal Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C.
39 sections 1441 and 1453(b), based on “traditional” diversity jurisdiction and
40 jurisdiction under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 (28 U.S.C. section

41 A/72565597.1/0201222-0000333376

42 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF NOTICE OF REMOVAL

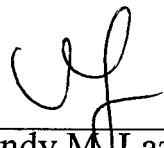
1 1332(d)(2)). A true and correct copy of the Notice to Adverse Party of Removal to
2 Federal Court is attached hereto, along with a Proof of Service upon Plaintiff.

3

4 DATED: June 17, 2008 Bingham McCutchen LLP

5

6

7 By: 

8 Wendy M. Lazerson
9 Attorneys for Defendant
10 General Motors Corporation

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

COPY

1 Bingham McCutchen LLP
 2 WENDY M. LAZERSON (SBN 97285)
 3 ELIZABETH CARROLL (SBN 234751)
 4 EMILY LEAHY (SBN 253866)
 5 1900 University Avenue
 6 East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2223
 7 Telephone: 650.849.4400
 8 Facsimile: 650.849.4800
 9 Email: wendy.lazerson@bingham.com
 10
 11 Attorneys for Defendant
 12 General Motors Corporation
 13
 14

JUN 18 2008 10:14 AM

8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
 9
 10 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

BY FAX

11 BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of
 12 all similarly situated current and former
 13 employees of Defendants in the State of
 14 California,

15 Plaintiffs,
 16 v.

17 AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland Corporation;
 18 GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION, a
 19 Delaware Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100
 20 inclusive,

21 Defendants.

No. 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL

DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS
 CORPORATION'S NOTICE TO
 ADVERSE PARTY OF REMOVAL TO
 FEDERAL COURT

Complaint Filed: May 8, 2008
 Judge: Michael M. Anello

21
 22 TO PLAINTIFFS AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD AND TO THE
 23 CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT:

24 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Notice of Removal of Civil Action Pursuant to
 25 28 U.S.C. Sections 1332, 1441, and 1453, concerning this action, was filed in the United States
 26 District Court, Southern District of California, on June 17, 2008. A true and correct copy of the
 27 Notice of Removal of Civil Action Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Sections 1332, 1441, and 1453, filed
 28

//
 //
 A/72562284.1/0201222-0000333376

DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S NOTICE TO ADVERSE PARTY OF
 REMOVAL TO FEDERAL COURT

1 by Defendant General Motors Corporation is attached to this Notice, and is filed and served
2 herewith.

3 DATED: June 17, 2008

4

5 Bingham McCutchen LLP

6

7 By: 

8

Wendy M. Lazerson
Attorneys for Defendant
General Motors Corporation

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

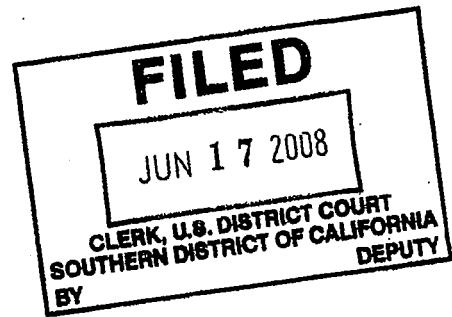
27

28

EXHIBIT A

COPY

1 Bingham McCutchen LLP
 2 WENDY M. LAZERSON (SBN 97285)
 3 wendy.lazerson@bingham.com
 4 ELIZABETH CARROLL (SBN 234751)
 5 betsy.carroll@bingham.com
 6 EMILY LEAHY (SBN 253866)
 7 emily.leahy@bingham.com
 8 1900 University Avenue
 9 East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2223
 10 Telephone: 650.849.4400
 11 Facsimile: 650.849.4800
 12 Attorneys for Defendant
 13 General Motors Corporation



9
 10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 11 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

12 BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on
 13 behalf of all other similarly situated
 14 current and former employees of
 15 Defendants in the State of California,

16 Plaintiffs,

17 v.

18 AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland
 19 Corporation; GENERAL MOTORS
 20 CORPORATION, a Delaware
 21 Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100
 22 inclusive,

23 Defendants.

108 CV 1076 BY FAX
 11 NLS

NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF
 CIVIL ACTION PURSUANT TO
 28 U.S.C. SECTIONS 1332, 1441,
 AND 1453 (DIVERSITY AND
 CLASS ACTION FAIRNESS ACT
 OF 2005)

Complaint Filed: May 8, 2008

21 TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT:

22 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Defendant General Motors

23 Corporation ("GM"), by and through its counsel, files this Notice of Removal to
 24 remove the state court action described below to the United States District Court
 25 for the Southern District of California, under 28 U.S.C. sections 1441 and 1453(b),
 26 based on "traditional" diversity jurisdiction and jurisdiction under the Class Action
 27 Fairness Act of 2005 (28 U.S.C. section 1332(d)(2)). In support of the removal of
 28 the action, GM states as follows:

A72562036.4/0201222-000033376

NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF CIVIL ACTION

JURISDICTION AND ASSIGNMENT TO COURT

2 1. This is a civil action over which this Court has original jurisdiction
3 under 28 U.S.C. section 1332(a)(1). It is an action in which there is complete
4 diversity between the Plaintiff and the Defendants and the amount in controversy
5 for Plaintiff Brian Hough's ("Plaintiff" or "Hough") claims exceed \$75,000. Thus,
6 the action is removable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1441.

7 2. This is also a civil action over which this Court has original
8 jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. section 1332(d)(2). It is a class action in which there
9 is diversity between at least one plaintiff and the defendant and the amount in
10 controversy exceeds \$5 million, exclusive of interest and costs. *Id.* This action is
11 removable by the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 (“CAFA”), codified in 28
12 U.S.C. sections 1332(d), 1441(a), and 1453(b), because the U.S. District Courts
13 now have original jurisdiction over class actions meeting the above-listed
14 requirements.

15 3. Assignment to this Court is proper because the civil action is being
16 removed from the California Superior Court, County of San Diego.

STATE COURT ACTION

18 4. On May 8, 2008, Plaintiff Brian Hough filed this action in the
19 Superior Court of California, County of San Diego, Case No. 37-2008-00083508-
20 CU-MT-CTL.

21 5. On May 21, 2008, Plaintiff served the Summons and Complaint on
22 GM's agent for service of process. True and correct copies of the Summons,
23 Complaint, and proof of service thereof are attached to this Notice as Exhibit A.
24 GM filed its unverified Answer to Plaintiff's Complaint on June 16, 2008. A true
25 and correct copy of GM's Answer is attached hereto as Exhibit B. A true and
26 correct copy of Aerotek's Answer is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

27 //

28 //

CITIZENSHIP

6. To establish “traditional” diversity jurisdiction, all plaintiffs must be citizens of different States (or foreign states) than all defendants. 28 U.S.C. § 1332 (a)(1). Only the citizenship of the named parties in a purported class action (the representative plaintiff(s) and defendant(s)) is considered for diversity purpose. As long as no defendant resides in the same state as any class representative, there is sufficient diversity of citizenship. *Snyder v. Harris*, 394 U.S. 332, 340 (1969).

8 7. To establish “minimal diversity” pursuant to CAFA, “any member of a
9 class of plaintiffs” must be the citizen of a different state than any defendant.
10 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A).

11 8. Plaintiff Brian Hough was at the time of filing of this action, and still
12 is, a citizen of the State of California. In addition, Hough seeks to represent a class
13 of current and former employees of Defendant in the State of California
14 (Complaint ¶8); thus, the proposed class includes individuals who are citizens of
15 the State of California.

16 9. Defendant GM was at the time of filing of this action, and still is, a
17 corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware, having its
18 principal place of business in the State of Michigan.

19 10. Defendant Aerotek was at the time of filing of this action, and still is,
20 a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland having its
21 principal place of business in the State of Maryland, and to GM's knowledge, is
22 the only other Defendant upon whom Plaintiff served a Summons and Complaint
23 in this action.

24 11. Does 1 through 100 are defendants sued under fictitious names and
25 their citizenship shall be disregarded for purposes of removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C.
26 section 1441(a).

27 //

28 //

AMOUNT IN CONTROVERSY - DIVERSITY

12. To establish subject matter jurisdiction under “traditional” diversity jurisdiction, the amount in controversy must \$75,000. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).

13. Here, the amount at issue for Hough's claims is at least \$222,000.

5 14. Hough seeks damages for Defendants' alleged failure to indemnify
6 Hough for the cost of obtaining and maintaining a new GM vehicle at least every
7 two years (Complaint ¶23(a)), a claim with a minimum amount in controversy of
8 \$40,000. The automobile Hough purchased under the alleged unlawful policy is a
9 sport utility vehicle that cost approximately \$40,000. In addition, to the extent
10 Hough incurred maintenance costs under the alleged unlawful policy, the amount
11 of alleged compensatory damages under this claim would be even greater.

12 15. Further, Hough claims that because Defendants' alleged vehicle
13 purchase requirement forms the basis for criminal violations, punitive damages are
14 also available (Complaint ¶25), for which the amount at issue for Hough's claim as
15 an individual is \$160,000 or more. The amount in controversy requirement may be
16 satisfied by considering a claim for punitive damages. *Golden ex rel. Golden v.*
17 *Golden*, 382 F.3d 348, 356 (3d. Cir. 2004). An award of punitive damages under
18 California law ““in the usual case”” may be four times the award of compensatory
19 damages or more. *Simon v. San Paolo U.S. Holding Co., Inc.*, 35 Cal. 4th 1159,
20 1182-1183 (2005). Four times Hough's individual compensatory damages claim
21 for the alleged vehicle purchase requirement is \$164,000.

16. Hough estimates the amount of his overtime claim to be \$18,000-\$35,000, excluding periods in which Plaintiff claims to have worked up to 70 hours per week and periods where he allegedly was entitled to double his regular rate of pay.

17. The amount at issue as a result of Hough's individual claim for failure
18. to provide accurate itemized wage statements (Complaint ¶33) is \$4,000. Under

11

1 California Labor Code section 226, the potential recovery for such a claim is
 2 \$4,000 per plaintiff.

3 18. In addition, the amount at issue for Hough's individual claim is even
 4 greater because Hough also alleges the following additional claims: 1) failure to
 5 reimburse for expenses incurred in use of personal vehicles under California Labor
 6 Code section 2802 (Complaint ¶22); 2) failure to pay all wages due upon
 7 termination of employment under California Labor Code section 203 (Complaint
 8 ¶34) (under California Labor Code section 203, aggrieved employees' wages
 9 continue for 30 days following termination); and 3) violation of California
 10 Business and Professions Code section 17200 *et seq.* (Complaint ¶¶37-47). Hough
 11 seeks nominal damages, actual damages, compensatory damages, restitution,
 12 disgorged profits, statutory penalties, punitive damages as a result of the alleged
 13 vehicle-buying requirement, attorneys' fees, injunctive relief, equitable relief, and
 14 declaratory relief. *See* Complaint, Prayer for Relief.

15 19. Further, the Complaint requests statutory attorneys' fees (Complaint
 16 ¶24, Prayer for Relief). Where a statute authorizes an award of attorneys' fees to a
 17 prevailing party, attorneys' fees may be included in the amount in controversy for
 18 jurisdictional purposes. *Galt G/S v. JSS Scandinavia*, 142 F.3d 1150, 1155 (9th
 19 Cir. 1998). California Labor Code section 2802(c) provides for recovery of
 20 attorneys' fees in connection with a claim Hough alleges in the instant action,
 21 failure to provide expense reimbursement and thus the potential attorneys' fees
 22 award increases the amount in controversy.

AMOUNT IN CONTROVERSY - CAFA

23 20. To establish subject matter jurisdiction under CAFA, the amount in
 24 controversy must exceed \$5 million. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d). If, as here, damages are
 25 not specified in the complaint, it must be more likely than not that the amount at
 26 issue exceeds \$5 million. *Lowdermilk v. U.S. Bank Nat'l Assn.*, 479 F.3d 994, 998
 27 //

1 (9th Cir. 2007). Aggregation of the claims of all members of the proposed class is
 2 proper under CAFA. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(6).

3 21. Here, the amount at issue for the aggregate claims of all members of
 4 the proposed class is at least \$5.83 million, and is likely significantly greater.
 5 Plaintiff alleges that the total proposed class includes over 100 individuals
 6 employed over a four-year period. Complaint ¶¶8, 11(a).

7 22. Plaintiff seeks damages for Defendants' alleged failure to indemnify
 8 Plaintiff and the proposed class members for the cost of obtaining and maintaining
 9 a new GM vehicle at least every two years (Complaint ¶23(a)), a claim with a
 10 minimum amount in controversy of more than \$1.08 million. Even if Plaintiff
 11 alleged that each proposed class member obtained only one vehicle and bought the
 12 base version of the least expensive GM model, the Chevy Aveo, which has a
 13 suggested retail price of \$10,895 (see Request for Judicial Notice Ex. A), the
 14 amount of this potential claim for the estimated 100 or more proposed class
 15 members would be \$1,089,500. In addition, given Plaintiff's allegations that this
 16 claim is subject to a four-year statute of limitations and that Defendants required
 17 the vehicles to be no more than two years old (Complaint ¶22), many individuals
 18 would be required under the alleged policy to purchase multiple vehicles, thereby
 19 increasing the amount of compensatory damages at issue. Further, for Plaintiff and
 20 those members of the proposed class who purchased more expensive models than
 21 the Aveo (models costing upwards of \$20,000-\$40,000), the amount of
 22 compensatory damages at issue for this claim more than doubles, triples, or even,
 23 as in Plaintiff's case, quadruples.

24 23. Moreover, Plaintiff claims that because Defendants' alleged vehicle
 25 purchase requirement forms the basis for criminal violations, punitive damages are
 26 also available (Complaint ¶25), for which the amount at issue is at least \$4.35
 27 million. The amount in controversy requirement may be satisfied by considering a
 28 claim for punitive damages. *Golden*, 382 F.3d at 356. An award of punitive

1 damages under California law “in the usual case” may be four times the award of
 2 compensatory damages or more. *Simon*, 35 Cal. 4th at 1182-1183. Four times
 3 Plaintiff’s minimum compensatory damages claim on behalf of the class for the
 4 alleged vehicle purchase requirement is \$4,358,000.

5 24. The amount at issue as a result of Plaintiff’s claim for failure to
 6 provide accurate itemized wage statements (Complaint ¶33) is \$400,000 or more.
 7 Under California Labor Code section 226, the potential recovery for such a claim
 8 is \$4,000 per plaintiff, or approximately \$400,000 at stake for class of 100.

9 25. In addition, the amount at issue is even greater because Plaintiff also
 10 alleges the following additional claims: 1) failure to reimburse for expenses
 11 incurred in use of personal vehicles under California Labor Code section 2802
 12 (Complaint ¶22); 2) failure to pay overtime wages for “regular[] work [of] more
 13 than eight (8) hours in a single work day[], and/or for (40) hours in a single work
 14 week”¹ (Complaint ¶29); 3) failure to pay all wages due upon termination of
 15 employment under California Labor Code section 203 (Complaint ¶34) (under
 16 California Labor Code section 203, aggrieved employees’ wages continue for 30
 17 days following termination); and 4) violation of California Business and
 18 Professions Code section 17200 *et seq.* (Complaint ¶¶37-47). On behalf of the
 19 proposed class, Plaintiff seeks nominal damages, actual damages, compensatory
 20 damages, restitution, disgorged profits, statutory penalties, punitive damages as a
 21 result of the alleged vehicle-buying requirement, attorneys’ fees, injunctive relief,
 22 equitable relief, and declaratory relief. *See* Complaint, Prayer for Relief.

23 26. Further, the Complaint requests statutory attorneys’ fees (Complaint,
 24 Prayer for Relief), which may be included in the amount in controversy for
 25 jurisdictional purposes under CAFA. *Lowdermilk*, 479 F.3d at 1000. Attorneys’
 26

27 ¹ Given Plaintiff’s allegation that he and the proposed class members “regularly”
 28 worked overtime, the potential value of this claim is substantial.

1 fees "can exceed six figures in a class action and are properly aggregated and
 2 considered for purposes of determining the amount in controversy under CAFA."
 3 *Frederico v. Home Depot*, 507 F.3d 188, 197 (3d. Cir. 2007).

4 **COMPLIANCE WITH 28 U.S.C. SECTION 1446**

5 27. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1446(a), copies of all documents received by
 6 GM's counsel in the state court action are being filed with this Notice of Removal.

7 28. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1446(b), this Notice of Removal is filed
 8 within 30 days of the service on Aerotek and GM of the pleadings setting forth the
 9 claim for relief upon which the state court action is based.

10 29. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1446(d), GM will promptly provide written
 11 notice of the removal of the state court action to Plaintiffs, through their attorneys
 12 of record, and to the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San
 13 Diego.

14 30. Aerotek consents to the removal of the state court action to this Court
 15 and will file and serve a Notice of Joinder in Removal.

16 WHEREFORE, GM respectfully requests that this case be removed
 17 from the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego to the
 18 United States District Court, Southern District of California, for final
 19 determination.

20

21 DATED: June 17, 2008

Bingham McCutchen LLP

22

23

By:


 24 Wendy M. Lazerson
 25 Attorneys for Defendant
 26 General Motors Corporation

27

28

**BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of all other
similarly situated current and former employees of Defendants
in the State of California,**

v.

**AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland Corporation; GENERAL
MOTORS CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; and
DOES 1 through 100 inclusive**

Case No. _____

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>EXHIBIT</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGES</u>
Exhibit A	Summons/Complaint	A0001 - A0025
Exhibit B	Defendant General Motors Corporation's Answer to Named Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint	A0026 - A0032
Exhibit C	Answer of Defendant Aerotek, Inc., to Plaintiff's Unverified Class Action Complaint	A0033 - A0042

**BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of all other
similarly situated current and former employees of Defendants
in the State of California,**

v.

**AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland Corporation; GENERAL
MOTORS CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; and
DOES 1 through 100 inclusive**

Case No. _____

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>EXHIBIT</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGES</u>
Exhibit A	Summons/Complaint	A0001 - A0025
Exhibit B	Defendant General Motors Corporation's Answer to Named Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint	B0026 - B0032
Exhibit C	Answer of Defendant Aerotek, Inc., to Plaintiff's Unverified Class Action Complaint	C0033 - C0042

EXHIBIT A

SUM-100

SUMMONS
(CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:

(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland Corporation; GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100 inclusive,

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:

(LO ESTA DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of all other similarly situated current and former employees of Defendants in the State of California

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

CIVIL BUSINESS OFFICE 5

2008 MAY -8 P 12:28

CLERK'S OFFICE 100 DEPT

RECEIVED

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DIAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:
(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR SAN DIEGO
CENTRAL JUDICIAL DISTRICT - HALL OF JUSTICE

330 West Broadway

San Diego, CA 92101

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):

Harvey C. Berger
550 West C Street, Suite 1400
(619) 595-1366POPE, BERGER & WILLIAMS, LLP
San Diego, CA 92101

DATE:

MAY 08 2008

MAY 08 2008

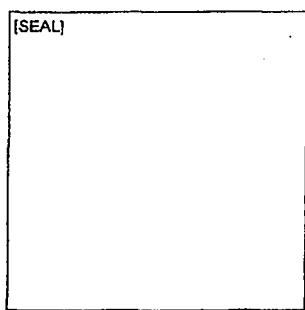
Clerk, by
(Secretario), Deputy
(Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)

(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

1. as an individual defendant.
2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):
General Motors Corporation, a
Delaware Corporation
3. on behalf of (specify):
under: CCP 416.10 (corporation)
 CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)
 CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)
 other.(specify): CCP 416.60 (minor)
 CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
 CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
4. by personal delivery on (date):



SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465

HOUGH 5052

1 Harvey C. Berger, Esq. (SBN 102973)
2 **POPE, BERGER & WILLIAMS, LLP**
3 550 West "C" Street, Suite 1400
San Diego, California 92101
Telephone: (619) 595-1366
Facsimile: (619) 236-9677

5 Attorneys for Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH, individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated current and former employees of Defendants in the State of California

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

CENTRAL DIVISION – HALL OF JUSTICE

12 BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on) Case No.: 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL
13 behalf of all other similarly situated current) CLASS ACTION
14 and former employees of Defendants in the)
15 State of California,)
16 Plaintiffs,)
17 v.)
18 AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland Corporation;)
19 GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION, a)
Defendant.)
Delaware Corporation; and DOES 1 through)
100 inclusive,)
Defendants.)
Complaint Filed: _____
Trial Date: _____

21 Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of all other similarly situated
22 current and former employees of Defendants in the State of California (hereinafter, collectively
23 referred to as "Plaintiffs"), alleges as follows:

I. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

25 1. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that Defendant AEROTEK,
26 INC. is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a corporation organized and existing under and by
27 virtue of the laws of the State of Maryland (hereinafter, referred to as "AEROTEK"). Plaintiffs are
28 informed and believe, and thereon allege that Defendant GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION

1 is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of
2 the laws of the State of Delaware (hereinafter, referred to as "GM").

3 2. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that AEROTEK has done
4 business in the State of California within the four (4) years preceding the filing of this Complaint,
5 including employing the Named Plaintiff and all Plaintiffs, separately and/or jointly with other
6 Defendants named herein, within the jurisdiction of the Central Division of the County of San
7 Diego. Plaintiffs are, therefore, informed and believe and thereon allege that AEROTEK is, and at
8 all times relevant hereto was, an employer of the Named Plaintiff and some or all Plaintiffs for
9 purposes of the California wage-and-hour laws at issue in this action, and may be sued in the Central
10 Division of the County of San Diego on the causes of action alleged herein.

11 3. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that GM has done business
12 in the State of California within the four (4) years preceding the filing of this Complaint, including
13 employing the Named Plaintiff and all Plaintiffs, separately and/or jointly with other Defendants
14 named herein, within the jurisdiction of the Central Division of the County of San Diego. Plaintiffs
15 are, therefore, informed and believe and thereon allege that GM is, and at all times relevant hereto
16 was, an employer of the Named Plaintiff and some or all Plaintiffs for purposes of the California
17 wage-and-hour laws at issue in this action, and may be sued in the Central Division of the County
18 of San Diego on the causes of action alleged herein.

19 4. Plaintiffs are also informed and believe, and thereon allege that this Court is the
20 proper Court because for part or all of the "Class Period" that Plaintiffs will seek certification of in
21 this case: the Named Plaintiff and some or all Plaintiffs performed work which is the subject of this
22 action in the State of California, and within the Central Division of the County of San Diego;
23 AEROTEK and/or GM and/or DOES 1 through 100 maintained offices and transacted business as
24 it relates to the Named Plaintiff and some or all Plaintiffs in the State of California, and within the
25 Central Division of the County of San Diego; and some or all of AEROTEK's and/or GM's and/or
26 DOES 1 through 100's obligations and liabilities to the Named Plaintiff and some or all Plaintiffs
27 arose in the State of California, and within the Central Division of the County of San Diego.

28 ///

II. GENERAL FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

2 5. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully
3 herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 4, above.

4 6. Plaintiffs bring this employment class action against AEROTEK, GM, DOES 1
5 through 100 (hereinafter, collectively referred to as "DEFENDANTS") to recover for their
6 employment expense and overtime claims as alleged herein. Plaintiffs reserve the right to name
7 additional Named Plaintiffs and potential Class Representatives.

8 7. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that DEFENDANTS' primary
9 business activity in the State of California as it relates to Plaintiffs is to employ Plaintiffs to educate
10 and encourage automobile service establishments in California to purchase "ACDelco" parts and
11 supplies, the "ACDelco" brand being owned by GM, which manufactures automobiles and
12 automobile parts and supplies. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that
13 AEROTEK and GM and some or all of DOES 1 through 100 operate to employ Plaintiffs for this
14 purpose as a joint venture, partnership, or under some other business relationship. Therefore, as
15 related to Plaintiffs' claims alleged herein, DEFENDANTS are obligated to comply with California
16 employment laws, including but not limited to certain sections of the California Labor Code, the
17 California Code of Regulations as contained in California Industrial Welfare Commission Wage
18 Order Nos. 1-2001, 4-2001, and/or 7-2001, and the California Business & Professions Code.

19 8. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that Named Plaintiff BRIAN
20 HOUGH was employed by, and performed work for the benefit of each and every of the
21 DEFENDANTS in the State of California within the four (4) years before the filing of this
22 Complaint. In his employment for DEFENDANTS, Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH worked as
23 a "District Sales Manager." The Named Plaintiff intends to seek certification of a class of
24 individuals who have performed work for and/or have been employed by DEFENDANTS as
25 "District Sales Managers" (or with similar job titles, and/or with job duties similar to "District Sales
26 Managers") in the State of California within the four (4) years before the filing of this Complaint,
27 and continuing to trial or until an appropriate ending date for a Class Period; the term "Plaintiffs"
28 as used herein is intended to encompass all such "District Sales Managers."

1 9. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that Named Plaintiff BRIAN
2 HOUGH was hired by AEROTEK; was trained by GM employees in Flint, Michigan; reported to
3 a GM employee "Market Area Manager" throughout the course of his employment; reported to
4 AEROTEK management employees throughout the course of his employment; and was paid wages
5 by AEROTEK. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that in his capacity working
6 as a trained "District Sales Manager" for DEFENDANTS, Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH
7 represented DEFENDANTS by traveling to automobile service establishments and their warehouse
8 facilities in California, and promoting "ACDelco" parts and supplies. Among other things, in the
9 course and scope of his employment for DEFENDANTS:

10 a. Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH did not make any direct or indirect sales
11 of "ACDelco" parts and supplies;

12 b. In order to perform his job duties, DEFENDANTS required Named Plaintiff
13 BRIAN HOUGH to drive his personal automobile from location to location,
14 but DEFENDANTS did not fully reimburse him for travel expenses on his
15 personal vehicle reasonably and necessarily incurred in the course and scope
16 of his employment;

17 c. DEFENDANTS also required Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH to obtain
18 and maintain for such work purposes, a GM vehicle two years old or newer;
19 specifically, during training as a "District Sales Manager" and throughout the
20 course of his employment, both AEROTEK and GM management employees
21 told Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH that his position required him to drive
22 a GM vehicle two years old or newer for work purposes; and

23 d. Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH regularly worked more than eight (8) hours
24 in a single work days, and/or forty (40) hours in a single work week, but
25 DEFENDANTS did not pay him overtime wages.

26 Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that all other "District Sales Manager"
27 Plaintiffs in California were subjected to the same or similar practices by DEFENDANTS.

28 ///

III. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

10. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 9, above.

11. This action is appropriately suited for a Class Action because:

a. The potential class is a significant number because Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that within the past four (4) years DEFENDANTS employed at any one time, thirty (30) or more "District Sales Managers" throughout the State of California. There also are numerous former employees who were subjected to the same or similar illegal payroll practices and policies, with a total class estimated to be in the range of over one hundred (100) such current and former employees. Joinder of all current and former employees individually would be impractical;

b. This action involves common questions of law and fact to the potential class because the action focuses on the DEFENDANTS' systematic course of illegal payroll practices and policies throughout the State of California, which were applied to all "District Sales Managers" (and individuals with similar job titles, and/or with job duties similar to "District Sales Managers") in violation of certain sections of the California Labor Code, the California Code of Regulations, and the California Business and Professions Code (which prohibits unfair and unlawful business practices arising from such violations).

c. The claims of the Named Plaintiff (and other as yet unnamed Named Plaintiffs and/or Class Representatives) are typical of the class because DEFENDANTS subjected all of their “District Sales Managers” (and individuals with similar job titles, and/or with job duties similar to “District Sales Managers”) to similar and/or identical violations of certain sections of the California Labor Code, the California Code of Regulations, and the California Business and Professions Code.

d. The Named Plaintiff (and other as yet unnamed Named Plaintiffs and/or Class Representatives) is able to fairly and adequately protect the interests of all members of the class because it is in his best interests to prosecute the claims alleged herein to obtain full compensation due for all claims alleged herein.

IV. OTHER GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

12. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 11, above.

9 13. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that at all relevant times herein
10 DOES 1 through 50 are/were individuals who owned, controlled, and/or managed the corporate
11 affairs of AEROTEK, GM, and other of the DOE DEFENDANTS, and/or directly or indirectly
12 exercised operational control over the wages, hours, expenses, and working conditions of Plaintiffs,
13 and/or engaged in fraudulent and/or tortious activity to the detriment of Plaintiffs as alleged herein.
14 Specifically, DOES 1 through 50 maintained offices, operated businesses, employed persons,
15 conducted business in, and illegally under-compensated employees throughout the State of
16 California, including Plaintiffs, through the payroll practices and policies described herein, and are
17 thus subject to the jurisdiction of the State of California. Further, DOES 1 through 50 are
18 “employers” as a matter of law for purposes of imposing personal liability for the Labor Code
19 violations alleged herein, pursuant to California wage-and-hour laws.

20 14. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that at all relevant times herein
21 DOES 51 through 100: are/were corporations, partnerships, companies, or other business entities;
22 are/were qualified to transact and conduct business in the State of California, and/or did and do
23 transact and conduct business in the State of California even if without being qualified to transact
24 and conduct business in California; owned, controlled, and/or managed the corporate affairs of
25 AEROTEK, GM, and other of the DOE DEFENDANTS; and/or directly or indirectly exercised
26 operational control over the wages, hours, expenses, and working conditions of Plaintiffs, and/or
27 engaged in fraudulent and/or tortious activity to the detriment of Plaintiffs as alleged herein.
28 Specifically, DOES 51 through 100 maintained offices, operated businesses, employed persons,

1 conducted business in, and illegally under-compensated employees throughout the State of
2 California, including Plaintiffs, through the payroll practices and policies described herein; and are
3 thus subject to the jurisdiction of the State of California. Further, DOES 51 through 100 are
4 "employers" as a matter of law for purposes of imposing liability for the Labor Code violations
5 alleged herein, pursuant to California wage-and-hour laws.

6 15. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that at all relevant times herein
7 DOES 1 through 100 are/were the officers, owners, executives, directors, partners, or shareholders
8 of AEROTEK and/or GM and of one another, who were acting on behalf of AEROTEK and/or GM
9 and of one another in the establishment of, ratification of, and/or execution of the illegal payroll
10 practices and policies described herein. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that
11 at all times relevant hereto DOES 1 through 100 have held ownership, officer, director and/or
12 executive positions with AEROTEK and/or GM and with one another, which included decision-
13 making responsibility for, and establishment and execution of, illegal payroll practices and policies
14 for AEROTEK and/or GM and one other; therefore, AEROTEK, GM and DOES 1 through 100 are
15 jointly liable on the causes of action alleged herein. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and
16 thereon allege that AEROTEK, GM, and DOES 1 through 100 are Plaintiffs' joint employers by
17 virtue of a joint enterprise; Plaintiffs perform, and have performed, services for each and every of
18 DEFENDANTS, and to the mutual benefit of all DEFENDANTS, and all DEFENDANTS have
19 shared control of Plaintiffs as employees, either directly or indirectly, and the manner in which
20 DEFENDANTS' business is conducted.

21 16. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that there exists such a unity
22 of interest and ownership between and among all DEFENDANTS that the individuality and
23 separateness of those DEFENDANTS have ceased to exist. The business affairs of DEFENDANTS
24 are, and at all times relevant hereto were, so mixed and intermingled that the same cannot reasonably
25 be segregated, and the same are in inextricable confusion. AEROTEK and/or GM are, and at all
26 times relevant hereto were, used by DOES 1 through 100 as mere shells and conduits for the conduct
27 of certain of DEFENDANTS' affairs. The recognition of the separate existence of DEFENDANTS
28 would not promote justice, in that it would permit DEFENDANTS to insulate themselves from

1 liability to Plaintiffs. Accordingly, AEROTEK, GM, and DOES 1 through 100 constitute the alter
2 egos of each other, and the fiction of their separate existence must be disregarded at law and in
3 equity, because such disregard is necessary to avoid fraud and injustice to Plaintiffs herein.

4 17. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege (unless otherwise alleged in
5 this Complaint), that at all relevant times herein, AEROTEK, GM, and DOES 1 through 100 were
6 the agents, employees and/or servants, masters or employers of each other and of the remaining
7 DOES 1 through 100, and in doing the things herein alleged, were acting within the course and
8 scope of such agency or employment, and with the approval and ratification of each of the other
9 DEFENDANTS.

10 18. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that each and every one of the
11 acts and omissions alleged herein were performed by, and/or attributable to, all DEFENDANTS,
12 each acting as agents and/or employees, and/or under the direction and control of each of the other
13 DEFENDANTS, and that said acts and failures to act were within the course and scope of said
14 agency, employment and/or direction and control, and were committed willfully, maliciously,
15 oppressively, and fraudulently.

16 19. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise,
17 of DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiffs, who therefore sue the DOE
18 DEFENDANTS by fictitious names. Plaintiffs will amend this Complaint to show their true names
19 and capacities when they have been ascertained.

20 20. At all relevant times alleged herein, Plaintiffs were employed by DEFENDANTS
21 under an employment agreement that was partly written, partly oral, and partly implied. In
22 perpetrating the acts and omissions alleged herein, DEFENDANTS, and each of them, acted
23 pursuant to and in furtherance of the unlawful policies and practices alleged herein. All such acts
24 were and are in violation of certain sections of the California Labor Code, the California Code of
25 Regulations, and the California Business and Professions Code, sections 17200, *et seq.* As a direct
26 and proximate result of the unlawful actions of DEFENDANTS, Plaintiffs have suffered and
27 continue to suffer from loss of wages, expenses, and earnings in amounts as yet unascertained, but
28 subject to proof at trial in amounts in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court.

V. PLAINTIFFS' CAUSES OF ACTION

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION:

VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS EXPENSE

STATUTES AND REGULATIONS,

BY PLAINTIFFS EMPLOYED IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

(By All Plaintiffs, Against All DEFENDANTS)

21. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 20, above. This cause of action is plead by all Plaintiffs, against all DEFENDANTS.

22. Within the four (4) years before the filing of this Complaint, DEFENDANTS have employed Plaintiffs throughout the State of California to promote DEFENDANTS' automotive business ventures. Included among Plaintiffs' duties were the requirements by DEFENDANTS that Plaintiffs drive their personal automobiles from location to location in the course and scope of employment in order to promote DEFENDANTS' automotive business ventures; however, DEFENDANTS have failed to fully reimburse Plaintiffs for all such travel expenses which have been reasonably and necessarily incurred in the course and scope of employment. Also mandated by DEFENDANTS was the policy that Plaintiffs each obtain and maintain for such work purposes, a GM vehicle two years old or newer.

23. As employees in California, Plaintiffs were and are entitled to the benefits and protections of the California Labor Code, and the California Code of Regulations as contained in California Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order Nos. 1-2001, 4-2001, and/or 7-2001, including but not limited to:

- a. California Labor Code section 2802, which requires employers to indemnify their employees for expenditures and losses incurred in the discharge of their duties for DEFENDANTS. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 2804, DEFENDANTS cannot ask or require Plaintiffs to waive the benefits of California Labor Code section 2802;
- b. California Labor Code section 221, which prohibits an employer from

collecting or receiving from any employees, wages paid by the employer to the employee; and

c. California Labor Code section 450, which prohibits an employer from compelling or coercing an employee to patronize the employer or any other person in the purchase of anything of value.

6 24. Accordingly, by engaging in the acts complained of herein, DEFENDANTS have
7 committed violations of California wage-and-hour laws. As a direct and proximate result, Plaintiffs
8 have suffered, and continue to suffer, substantial financial losses, lost interest, and expenses and
9 attorneys' fees in seeking to compel DEFENDANTS to fully perform their obligations under
10 California law, all to their respective damage in amounts according to proof at time of trial, but in
11 amounts in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court. Plaintiffs are thus entitled to recover
12 all amounts for damages incurred, plus interest, attorneys' fees, and court costs and expenses of suit,
13 according to proof at time of trial but in amounts in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court,
14 including but not limited to as provided by California Labor Code section 2802(c). Plaintiffs are
15 also entitled to recover, in addition to or in lieu of some or all such damages, nominal, actual and
16 compensatory damages in amounts according to proof at time of trial but in amounts in excess of
17 the minimum jurisdiction of this Court.

18 25. Plaintiffs allege that DEFENDANTS' violations of California wage-and-hour laws
19 were knowing and intentional, and that DEFENDANTS have refused to properly pay Plaintiffs for
20 false and fraudulent reasons. All acts as alleged herein were committed willfully, maliciously,
21 oppressively, and fraudulently, with the wrongful and deliberate intention of injuring Plaintiffs, and
22 with a conscious disregard for Plaintiffs' rights and DEFENDANTS' obligations under California
23 wage-and-hour laws, all of which have deprived Plaintiffs of their property and legal rights. In
24 addition, because certain of the acts complained of herein also form the basis for criminal violations,
25 as described in Labor Code sections 225 and 451, in lieu of or in addition to other types of relief
26 requested herein Plaintiffs are entitled to recover punitive and exemplary damages in amounts
27 according to proof at time of trial, but in amounts in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this
28 Court.

1 26. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that DEFENDANTS have
2 applied, are applying, and will continue to apply the foregoing policies and practices to certain
3 Plaintiffs who are currently employed by DEFENDANTS, and to certain individuals who will in the
4 future become employed by DEFENDANTS. Such employees have been injured and damaged, and
5 are threatened with further injury and damage, by DEFENDANTS' unlawful actions as alleged, and
6 are thus threatened with immediate irreparable harm by the continuation of DEFENDANTS'
7 unlawful actions as heretofore alleged, and have no complete adequate remedy at law. Therefore,
8 Plaintiffs request the Court enter an order reflecting appropriate injunctive relief to prevent
9 DEFENDANTS from committing such acts in the future.

10 | 27. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as herein provided.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION:

VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA OVERTIME WAGE

STATUTES AND REGULATIONS,

BY PLAINTIFFS EMPLOYED IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

(By All Plaintiffs, Against All DEFENDANTS)

16 28. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully
17 herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 27, above. This cause of action is plead
18 by all Plaintiffs, against all DEFENDANTS.

19 29. Within the four (4) years before the filing of this Complaint, DEFENDANTS have
20 employed Plaintiffs throughout the State of California to conduct, transact, and promote
21 DEFENDANTS' automotive business ventures. Included among Plaintiffs' duties were the
22 requirements that Plaintiffs regularly work more than eight (8) hours in a single work days, and/or
23 forty (40) hours in a single work week; however, DEFENDANTS have failed to compensate
24 Plaintiffs for such overtime hours worked.

25 30. As employees in California, Plaintiffs were and are entitled to the benefits and
26 protections of the California Labor Code, and the California Code of Regulations as contained in
27 California Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order Nos. 1-2001, 4-2001, and/or 7-2001,
28 including but not limited to California Labor Code sections 510, *et. seq.*, 1194, and 1198, and

1 California Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order Nos. 1-2001, 4-2001, and 7-2001, sections
2 3(A), all of which require employers to pay overtime wages for hours worked over eight (8) hours
3 per day and forty (40) hours per week.

4 31. Accordingly, by engaging in the acts complained of herein, DEFENDANTS have
5 committed violations of California wage-and-hour laws. As a direct and proximate result, Plaintiffs
6 have suffered, and continue to suffer, substantial financial losses, lost interest, and expenses and
7 attorneys' fees in seeking to compel DEFENDANTS to fully perform their obligations under
8 California law, all to their respective damage in amounts according to proof at time of trial, but in
9 amounts in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court. Plaintiffs are thus entitled to recover
10 all amounts for damages incurred, plus interest, attorneys' fees, and court costs and expenses of suit,
11 according to proof at time of trial but in amounts in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court,
12 including but not limited to as provided by California Labor Code section 1194(a). Plaintiffs are
13 also entitled to recover, in addition to or in lieu of some or all such damages, nominal, actual and
14 compensatory damages in amounts according to proof at time of trial but in amounts in excess of
15 the minimum jurisdiction of this Court.

16 32. Plaintiffs allege that DEFENDANTS' violations of California wage-and-hour laws
17 were knowing and intentional, and that DEFENDANTS have refused to properly pay Plaintiffs for
18 false and fraudulent reasons. All acts as alleged herein were committed willfully, maliciously,
19 oppressively, and fraudulently, with the wrongful and deliberate intention of injuring Plaintiffs, and
20 with a conscious disregard for Plaintiffs' rights and DEFENDANTS' obligations under California
21 wage-and-hour laws, all of which have deprived Plaintiffs of their property and legal rights.

22 33. Plaintiffs are further entitled to the benefits and protections of California Labor Code
23 section 226, which requires DEFENDANTS to provide Plaintiffs with correctly and accurately
24 itemized wage statements at each pay period, including payment for all compensation then due and
25 owing each Plaintiff. By committing the foregoing violations of California wage-and-hour laws, for
26 each pay period that a Plaintiff was deprived of proper compensation DEFENDANTS violated
27 California Labor Code section 226. Plaintiffs allege that such violations were committed willfully,
28 maliciously, oppressively, and fraudulently, with a conscious disregard for Plaintiffs' rights and

1 DEFENDANTS' obligations under California wage-and-hour laws. Therefore, in violation of state
2 law, DEFENDANTS have knowingly and willfully refused to perform their obligations to provide
3 Plaintiffs with correctly itemized wage statements, in whole or in part, at each pay period. As a
4 direct and proximate result, Plaintiffs have suffered, and continue to suffer, substantial losses related
5 to the use and enjoyment of such compensation, lost interest, and expenses and attorneys' fees in
6 seeking to compel DEFENDANTS to fully perform their obligation under California law, all to their
7 respective damage in amounts according to proof at time of trial, but in amounts in excess of the
8 minimum jurisdiction of this Court. Accordingly, for each such violation each Plaintiff is entitled
9 to recover the full value of all compensation owed and/or an appropriate monetary penalty, plus
10 attorneys' fees, and court costs and expenses of suit, as provided by California Labor Code sections
11 226(e) & (g).

12 34. Plaintiffs are further entitled to the benefits and protections of the California Labor
13 Code sections 200, 201, and 202, which sections require employers to provide employees with all
14 wages due and owing at the time of termination of employment. By committing the foregoing
15 violations of California wage-and-hour laws, for each Plaintiff who is a former employee of
16 DEFENDANTS who was not paid all wages due and owing at the time of termination of
17 employment with DEFENDANTS, because of DEFENDANTS' failures to act as stated herein, there
18 is/was a violation of Labor Code sections 200, 201, and 202. Plaintiffs allege that such violations
19 were committed willfully, maliciously, oppressively, and fraudulently, with a conscious disregard
20 for Plaintiffs' rights and DEFENDANTS' obligations under California wage and hour laws. In
21 violation of state law, DEFENDANTS have knowingly and willfully refused to perform their
22 obligations to provide former employee Plaintiffs with all wages due and owing at the time of
23 termination of employment. As a direct and proximate result, Plaintiffs have suffered, and continue
24 to suffer, substantial losses related to the use and enjoyment of such wages, lost interest, and
25 expenses and attorneys' fees in seeking to compel DEFENDANTS to fully perform their obligation
26 under California law, all to their respective damage in amounts according to proof at time of trial,
27 but in amounts in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court. Accordingly, for each such
28 violation each former employee Plaintiff is entitled to recover the full value of all wages owed as

1 of the date of each Plaintiff's termination of employment, plus penalty wages in accordance with
 2 California Labor Code section 203.

3 35. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that DEFENDANTS have
 4 applied, are applying, and will continue to apply the foregoing policies and practices to certain
 5 Plaintiffs who are currently employed by DEFENDANTS, and to certain individuals who will in the
 6 future become employed by DEFENDANTS. Such employees have been injured and damaged, and
 7 are threatened with further injury and damage, by DEFENDANTS' unlawful actions as alleged, and
 8 are thus threatened with immediate irreparable harm by the continuation of DEFENDANTS'
 9 unlawful actions as heretofore alleged, and have no complete adequate remedy at law. Therefore,
 10 Plaintiffs request the Court enter an order reflecting appropriate injunctive relief to prevent
 11 DEFENDANTS from committing such acts in the future, including but not limited to the practices
 12 for which an injunction may be issued pursuant to Labor Code section 226(g).

13 36. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as herein provided.

14 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION:**

15 **UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES IN VIOLATION OF**
 16 **CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE SECTIONS 17200, ET SEQ.,**
 17 **BY PLAINTIFFS EMPLOYED IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

18 **(By All Plaintiffs, Against All DEFENDANTS)**

19 37. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully
 20 herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 36, above. This cause of action is plead
 21 by all Plaintiffs, against all DEFENDANTS.

22 38. DEFENDANTS engage in business practices, offer their goods and services for sale,
 23 and advertise their goods and services within the jurisdiction of the State of California. As such,
 24 DEFENDANTS have a duty to comply with the provisions of the Unfair Business Practices Act as
 25 set forth in California Business & Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*, which prohibits, *inter*
 26 *alia*, unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent business acts or practices and unfair, deceptive, untrue, or
 27 misleading advertising by any person, firm, corporation, or association within the jurisdiction of the
 28 State of California.

1 39. By violating the foregoing provisions of California's wage-and-hour laws, and by
2 failing to take immediate and appropriate measures to address these violations, DEFENDANTS' acts
3 constitute unfair business practices under Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*
4 DEFENDANTS' violations of California's labor and employment laws constitute business practices
5 because they have been done repeatedly over a significant period of time throughout the State of
6 California, and in a systematic manner to the detriment of scores of Plaintiffs.

7 40. As a direct, foreseeable, and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' acts and omissions
8 alleged herein for the four (4) years preceding the filing of this action, Plaintiffs have suffered
9 damages, and DEFENDANTS have also been unjustly enriched as a result of unfair business
10 practices. Plaintiffs therefore request damages and/or restitution of all monies and profits to be
11 disgorged from DEFENDANTS in an amount according to proof at time of trial, in lieu of or in
12 addition to other types of relief requested herein, but in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this
13 Court.

14 41. DEFENDANTS have applied, are applying, and will continue to apply the foregoing
15 unfair business policies and practices, in violation of California law, to certain Plaintiffs who are
16 currently employed by DEFENDANTS, and to certain individuals who will in the future become
17 employed by DEFENDANTS. Such employees have been injured and damaged, and are threatened
18 with further injury and damage, by DEFENDANTS' unfair actions as alleged, and are thus
19 threatened with immediate irreparable harm by the continuation of DEFENDANTS' unfair actions
20 as heretofore alleged; and have no complete adequate remedy at law. Therefore, Plaintiffs request
21 the Court enter an order reflecting appropriate injunctive relief to prevent DEFENDANTS from
22 committing such acts in the future, including but not limited to the practices for which an injunction
23 may be issued pursuant to Labor Code section 226(g).

24 42. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as herein provided.

25 ///

26 ///

27 ///

28 ///

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION:

**UNLAWFUL BUSINESS PRACTICES IN VIOLATION OF
CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE SECTIONS 17200, ET SEQ.,
BY PLAINTIFFS EMPLOYED IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

(By All Plaintiffs, Against All DEFENDANTS)

43. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 42, above. This cause of action is plead by all Plaintiffs, against all DEFENDANTS.

44. DEFENDANTS engage in business practices, offer their goods and services for sale, and advertise their goods and services within the jurisdiction of the State of California. As such, DEFENDANTS have a duty to comply with the provisions of the Unfair Business Practices Act as set forth in California Business & Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.*, which prohibits, *inter alia*, unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent business acts or practices and unfair, deceptive, untrue, or misleading advertising by any person, firm, corporation, or association within the jurisdiction of the State of California.

45. By violating the foregoing provisions of California's labor and employment laws, and by failing to take immediate and appropriate measures to address these violations, DEFENDANTS' acts constitute unlawful business practices under Business and Professions Code sections 17200, *et seq.* DEFENDANTS' violations of California's labor and employment laws constitute business practices because they have been done repeatedly over a significant period of time throughout the State of California, and in a systematic manner to the detriment of scores of Plaintiffs.

46. As a direct, foreseeable, and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' acts and omissions alleged herein, for the four (4) years preceding the filing of this action, Plaintiffs have suffered damages, and DEFENDANTS have also been unjustly enriched as a result of unfair competition. Plaintiffs therefore request damages and/or restitution of all monies and profits to be disgorged from DEFENDANTS in an amount according to proof at time of trial, in lieu of or in addition to other types of relief requested herein, but in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court.

47. DEFENDANTS have applied, are applying, and will continue to apply the foregoing

1 unlawful business policies and practices, in violation of California law, to certain Plaintiffs who are
 2 currently employed by DEFENDANTS, and to certain individuals who will in the future become
 3 employed by DEFENDANTS. Such employees have been injured and damaged, and are threatened
 4 with further injury and damage, by DEFENDANTS' unlawful actions as alleged, and are thus
 5 threatened with immediate irreparable harm by the continuation of DEFENDANTS' unlawful
 6 actions as heretofore alleged, and have no complete adequate remedy at law. Therefore, Plaintiffs
 7 request the Court enter an order reflecting appropriate injunctive relief to prevent DEFENDANTS
 8 from committing such acts in the future, including but not limited to the practices for which an
 9 injunction may be issued pursuant to Labor Code section 226(g).

10 48. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as herein provided.

11 **VI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

12 49. Plaintiffs hereby reallege, and incorporate by reference as though set forth fully
 13 herein, the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 48, above.

14 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment as follows:

- 15 1) For nominal damages;
- 16 2) For actual damages;
- 17 3) For compensatory damages;
- 18 4) For restitution of all compensation due to Plaintiffs;
- 19 5) For disgorged profits from the unfair and unlawful business practices of
 DEFENDANTS;
- 20 6) For interest accrued to date;
- 21 7) For interest pursuant to Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194;
- 22 8) For penalties pursuant to Labor Code sections 203 and 226;
- 23 9) For punitive and exemplary damages;
- 24 10) For costs of suit and expenses incurred herein pursuant to Labor Code
 sections 226, 1194, and 2802;
- 25 11) For reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to Labor Code sections 226, 1194,
 and 2802, and California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5;

- 12) For appropriate injunctive relief;
- 13) For appropriate equitable relief;
- 14) For appropriate declaratory relief;
- 15) For all such other and further relief that the Court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated:

POPE, BERGER & WILLIAMS, LLP

By:

Harvey C. Berger, Esq.

Attorneys for Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH,
individually, and on behalf of all other similarly
situated current and former employees of Defendants
in the State of California

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

16 Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of all other similarly situated
17 current and former employees of Defendants in the State of California, hereby demands a jury trial.

19 | Respectfully submitted,

21 Dated: _____

22

POPE, BERGER & WILLIAMS, LLP

By:

Harvey C. Berger, Esq.

Attorneys for Named Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH,
individually, and on behalf of all other similarly
situated current and former employees of Defendants
in the State of California

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO	
STREET ADDRESS: 330 West Broadway	
MAILING ADDRESS: 330 West Broadway	
CITY AND ZIP CODE: San Diego, CA 92101	
BRANCH NAME: Central	
TELEPHONE NUMBER: (619) 685-6151	
PLAINTIFF(S) / PETITIONER(S): Brian Hough	
DEFENDANT(S) / RESPONDENT(S): Aerotek, Inc et.al.	
HOUGH VS. AEROTEK, INC	
NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT	CASE NUMBER: 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL

Judge: Michael M. Anello

Department: C-72

COMPLAINT/PETITION FILED: 05/08/2008

CASES ASSIGNED TO THE PROBATE DIVISION ARE NOT REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE CIVIL REQUIREMENTS LISTED BELOW

IT IS THE DUTY OF EACH PLAINTIFF (AND CROSS-COMPLAINANT) TO SERVE A COPY OF THIS NOTICE WITH THE COMPLAINT (AND CROSS-COMPLAINT).

ALL COUNSEL WILL BE EXPECTED TO BE FAMILIAR WITH SUPERIOR COURT RULES WHICH HAVE BEEN PUBLISHED AS DIVISION II, AND WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED.

TIME STANDARDS: The following timeframes apply to general civil cases and must be adhered to unless you have requested and been granted an extension of time. General civil consists of all cases except: Small claims appeals, petitions, and unlawful detainers.

COMPLAINTS: Complaints must be served on all named defendants, and a CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE (SDSC.CIV-345) filed within 60 days of filing. This is a mandatory document and may not be substituted by the filing of any other document.

DEFENDANT'S APPEARANCE: Defendant must generally appear within 30 days of service of the complaint. (Plaintiff may stipulate to no more than a 15 day extension which must be in writing and filed with the Court.)

DEFAULT: If the defendant has not generally appeared and no extension has been granted, the plaintiff must request default within 45 days of the filing of the Certificate of Service.

THE COURT ENCOURAGES YOU TO CONSIDER UTILIZING VARIOUS ALTERNATIVES TO LITIGATION, INCLUDING MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION, PRIOR TO THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE. MEDIATION SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE UNDER THE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAMS ACT AND OTHER PROVIDERS. SEE ADR INFORMATION PACKET AND STIPULATION.

YOU MAY ALSO BE ORDERED TO PARTICIPATE IN ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO CCP 1141.10 AT THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE. THE FEE FOR THESE SERVICES WILL BE PAID BY THE COURT IF ALL PARTIES HAVE APPEARED IN THE CASE AND THE COURT ORDERS THE CASE TO ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO CCP 1141.10. THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE WILL BE CANCELLED IF YOU FILE FORM SDSC CIV-359 PRIOR TO THAT HEARING

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

CASE NUMBER: 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL CASE TITLE: Hough vs. Aerotek, Inc

NOTICE TO LITIGANTS/ADR INFORMATION PACKAGE

You are required to serve a copy of this Notice to Litigants/ADR Information Package and a copy of the blank Stipulation to Alternative Dispute Resolution Process (received from the Civil Business Office at the time of filing) with a copy of the Summons and Complaint on all defendants in accordance with San Diego Superior Court Rule 2.1.5, Division II and CRC Rule 201.9.

ADR POLICY

It is the policy of the San Diego Superior Court to strongly support the use of Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR") in all general civil cases. The court has long recognized the value of early case management intervention and the use of alternative dispute resolution options for amenable and eligible cases. The use of ADR will be discussed at all Case Management Conferences. It is the court's expectation that litigants will utilize some form of ADR – i.e. the court's mediation or arbitration programs or other available private ADR options as a mechanism for case settlement before trial.

ADR OPTIONS

1) CIVIL MEDIATION PROGRAM: The San Diego Superior Court Civil Mediation Program is designed to assist parties with the early resolution of their dispute. All general civil independent calendar cases, including construction defect, complex and eminent domain cases are eligible to participate in the program. Limited civil collection cases are not eligible at this time. San Diego Superior Court Local Rule 2.31, Division II addresses this program specifically. Mediation is a non-binding process in which a trained mediator 1) facilitates communication between disputants, and 2) assists parties in reaching a mutually acceptable resolution of all or part of their dispute. In this process, the mediator carefully explores not only the relevant evidence and law, but also the parties' underlying interests, needs and priorities. The mediator is not the decision-maker and will not resolve the dispute – the parties do. Mediation is a flexible, informal and confidential process that is less stressful than a formalized trial. It can also save time and money, allow for greater client participation and allow for more flexibility in creating a resolution.

Assignment to Mediation, Cost and Timelines: Parties may stipulate to mediation at any time up to the CMC or may stipulate to mediation at the CMC. Mediator fees and expenses are split equally by the parties, unless otherwise agreed. Mediators on the court's approved panel have agreed to the court's payment schedule for county-referred mediation: \$150.00 per hour for each of the first two hours and their individual rate per hour thereafter. Parties may select any mediator, however, the court maintains a panel of court-approved mediators who have satisfied panel requirements and who must adhere to ethical standards. All court-approved mediator fees and other policies are listed in the Mediator Directory at each court location to assist parties with selection. **Discovery:** Parties do not need to conduct full discovery in the case before mediation is considered, utilized or referred. **Attendance at Mediation:** Trial counsel, parties and all persons with full authority to settle the case must personally attend the mediation, unless excused by the court for good cause.

2) JUDICIAL ARBITRATION: Judicial Arbitration is a binding or non-binding process where an arbitrator applies the law to the facts of the case and issues an award. The goal of judicial arbitration is to provide parties with an adjudication that is earlier, faster, less formal and less expensive than trial. The arbitrator's award may either become the judgment in the case if all parties accept or if no trial de novo is requested within the required time. Either party may reject the award and request a trial de novo before the assigned judge if the arbitration was non-binding. If a trial de novo is requested, the trial will usually be scheduled within a year of the filing date.

Assignment to Arbitration, Cost and Timelines: Parties may stipulate to binding or non-binding judicial arbitration or the judge may order the matter to arbitration at the case management conference, held approximately 150 days after filing, if a case is valued at under \$50,000 and is "at issue". The court maintains a panel of approved judicial arbitrators who have practiced law for a minimum of five years and who have a certain amount of trial and/or arbitration experience. In addition, if parties select an arbitrator from the court's panel, the court will pay the arbitrator's fees. Superior Court.

3) SETTLEMENT CONFERENCES: The goal of a settlement conference is to assist the parties in their efforts to negotiate a settlement of all or part of the dispute. Parties may, at any time, request a settlement conference before the judge assigned to their case; request another assigned judge or a pro tem to act as settlement officer; or may privately utilize the services of a retired judge. The court may also order a case to a mandatory settlement conference prior to trial before the court's assigned Settlement Conference judge.

4) OTHER VOLUNTARY ADR: Parties may voluntarily stipulate to private ADR options outside the court system including private binding arbitration, private early neutral evaluation or private judging at any time by completing the "Stipulation to Alternative Dispute Resolution Process" which is included in this ADR package. Parties may also utilize mediation services offered by programs that are partially funded by the county's Dispute Resolution Programs Act. These services are available at no cost or on a sliding scale based on need. For a list of approved DRPA providers, please contact the County's DRPA program office at (619) 238-2400.

ADDITIONAL ADR INFORMATION: For more information about the Civil Mediation Program, please contact the Civil Mediation Department at (619) 515-8908. For more information about the Judicial Arbitration Program, please contact the Arbitration Office at (619) 531-3818. For more information about Settlement Conferences, please contact the Independent Calendar department to which your case is assigned. Please note that staff can only discuss ADR options and cannot give legal advice.

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO		FOR COURT USE ONLY
STREET ADDRESS: 330 West Broadway		
MAILING ADDRESS: 330 West Broadway		
CITY, STATE, & ZIP CODE: San Diego, CA 92101-3827		
BRANCH NAME: Central		
PLAINTIFF(S): Brian Hough		
DEFENDANT(S): Aerotek, Inc et.al.		
SHORT TITLE: HOUGH VS. AEROTEK, INC		
STIPULATION TO ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS (CRC 3.221)		CASE NUMBER: 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL

Judge: Michael M. Anello

Department: C-72

The parties and their attorneys stipulate that the matter is at issue and the claims in this action shall be submitted to the following alternative dispute resolution process. Selection of any of these options will not delay any case management time-lines.

<input type="checkbox"/> Court-Referred Mediation Program	<input type="checkbox"/> Court-Ordered Nonbinding Arbitration
<input type="checkbox"/> Private Neutral Evaluation	<input type="checkbox"/> Court-Ordered Binding Arbitration (Stipulated)
<input type="checkbox"/> Private Mini-Trial	<input type="checkbox"/> Private Reference to General Referee
<input type="checkbox"/> Private Summary Jury Trial	<input type="checkbox"/> Private Reference to Judge
<input type="checkbox"/> Private Settlement Conference with Private Neutral	<input type="checkbox"/> Private Binding Arbitration
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): _____	

It is also stipulated that the following shall serve as arbitrator, mediator or other neutral: (Name) _____

Alternate: (mediation & arbitration only) _____

Date: _____

Date: _____

Name of Plaintiff _____

Name of Defendant _____

Signature _____

Signature _____

Name of Plaintiff's Attorney _____

Name of Defendant's Attorney _____

Signature _____

Signature _____

(Attach another sheet if additional names are necessary). It is the duty of the parties to notify the court of any settlement pursuant to California Rules of Court, 3.1385. Upon notification of the settlement the court will place this matter on a 45-day dismissal calendar.

No new parties may be added without leave of court and all un-served, non-appearing or actions by names parties are dismissed.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 05/08/2008

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

SDSC CIV-359 (Rev 01-07)

Page: 1

STIPULATION TO USE OF ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): Harvey C. Berger POPE, BERGER & WILLIAMS, LLP 550 West C Street, Suite 1400 San Diego, CA 92101 TELEPHONE NO.: (619) 595-1366 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): BRIAN HOUGH		102973	FOR COURT USE ONLY FILED CIVIL BUSINESS OFFICE 5 RECEIVED 2008 MAY -8 PM 12:27 CLERK'S OFFICE, SAN DIEGO COUNTY SIXTH FLOOR, 301 W BROADWAY, SAN DIEGO, CA 92101
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO STREET ADDRESS: 330 West Broadway MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: San Diego, CA 92101 BRANCH NAME: CENTRAL JUDICIAL DISTRICT			
CASE NAME: HOUGH v. AEROTEK, INC.			
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlimited <input type="checkbox"/> Limited (Amount demanded) (Amount demanded is exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less		Complex Case Designation <input type="checkbox"/> Counter <input type="checkbox"/> Joinder Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	CASE NUMBER: 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL JUDGE: DEPT.:

Items 1-6 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).

1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:

Auto Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Auto (22) <input type="checkbox"/> Uninsured motorist (46)	Contract <input type="checkbox"/> Breach of contract/warranty (06) <input type="checkbox"/> Rule 3.740 collections (09) <input type="checkbox"/> Other collections (09) <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage (18) <input type="checkbox"/> Other contract (37)	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403) <input type="checkbox"/> Antitrust/Trade regulation (03) <input type="checkbox"/> Construction defect (10) <input type="checkbox"/> Mass tort (40) <input type="checkbox"/> Securities litigation (28) <input type="checkbox"/> Environmental/Toxic tort (30) <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Asbestos (04) <input type="checkbox"/> Product liability (24) <input type="checkbox"/> Medical malpractice (45) <input type="checkbox"/> Other PI/PD/WD (23)	Real Property <input type="checkbox"/> Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14) <input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful eviction (33) <input type="checkbox"/> Other real property (26)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claims involving class actions. Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement of judgment (20)
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Business tort/unfair business practice (07) <input type="checkbox"/> Civil rights (08) <input type="checkbox"/> Defamation (13) <input type="checkbox"/> Fraud (16) <input type="checkbox"/> Intellectual property (19) <input type="checkbox"/> Professional negligence (25) <input type="checkbox"/> Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Unlawful Detainer <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial (31) <input type="checkbox"/> Residential (32) <input type="checkbox"/> Drugs (38)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint <input type="checkbox"/> RICO (27) <input type="checkbox"/> Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Employment <input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful termination (36) <input type="checkbox"/> Other employment (15)	Judicial Review <input type="checkbox"/> Asset forfeiture (05) <input type="checkbox"/> Petition re: arbitration award (11) <input type="checkbox"/> Writ of mandate (02) <input type="checkbox"/> Other judicial review (39)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership and corporate governance (21) <input type="checkbox"/> Other petition (not specified above) (43)

2. This case is is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:

a. Large number of separately represented parties
 b. Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel issues that will be time-consuming to resolve
 c. Substantial amount of documentary evidence

d. Large number of witnesses
 e. Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
 f. Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision

3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a. monetary b. nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive

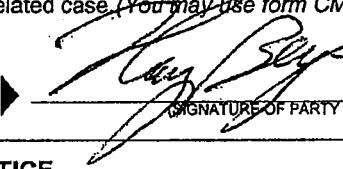
4. Number of causes of action (specify): Four (4)

5. This case is is not a class action suit.

6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)

Date: May 8, 2008

Harvey C. Berger, Esq.
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)


(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

NOTICE

- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
- File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.
- If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.
- Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

Page 1 of 2

INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the *Civil Case Cover Sheet* contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the *Civil Case Cover Sheet* to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

Auto Tort

- Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death
- Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

- Asbestos (04)
- Asbestos Property Damage
- Asbestos Personal Injury/Wrongful Death
- Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24)
- Medical Malpractice (45)
- Medical Malpractice-Physicians & Surgeons
- Other Professional Health Care Malpractice
- Other PI/PD/WD (23)
- Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)
- Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism)
- Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress
- Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress
- Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

- Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07)
- Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08)
- Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) (13)
- Fraud (16)
- Intellectual Property (19)
- Professional Negligence (25)
- Legal Malpractice
- Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)
- Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

Employment

- Wrongful Termination (36)
- Other Employment (15)

Contract

- Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)
- Breach of Rental/Lease
- Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)
- Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence)
- Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty
- Other Breach of Contract/Warranty Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09)
- Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff
- Other Promissory Note/Collections Case
- Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)
- Auto Subrogation
- Other Coverage
- Other Contract (37)
- Contractual Fraud
- Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

- Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)
- Wrongful Eviction (33)
- Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26)
- Writ of Possession of Real Property
- Mortgage Foreclosure
- Quiet Title
- Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or foreclosure)

Unlawful Detainer

- Commercial (31)
- Residential (32)
- Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential)

Judicial Review

- Asset Forfeiture (05)
- Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)
- Writ of Mandate (02)
- Writ-Administrative Mandamus
- Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter
- Writ-Other Limited Court Case Review
- Other Judicial Review (39)
- Review of Health Officer Order
- Notice of Appeal-Labor Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

- Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)
- Construction Defect (10)
- Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)
- Securities Litigation (28)
- Environmental/Toxic Tort (30)
- Insurance Coverage Claims (arising from provisionally complex case type listed above) (41)

Enforcement of Judgment

- Enforcement of Judgment (20)
- Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)
- Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)
- Sister State Judgment
- Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)
- Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes
- Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

- RICO (27)
- Other Complaint (not specified above) (42)
- Declaratory Relief Only
- Injunctive Relief Only (non-harassment)
- Mechanics Lien
- Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)
- Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

- Partnership and Corporate Governance (21)
- Other Petition (not specified above) (43)
- Civil Harassment
- Workplace Violence
- Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse
- Election Contest
- Petition for Name Change
- Petition for Relief from Late Claim
- Other Civil Petition

EXHIBIT B

FILED
CIVIL BUSINESS OFFICE 5
CLERK'S OFFICE, SAN DIEGO, CA

1 Bingham McCutchen LLP
 2 WENDY M. LAZERSON (SBN 97285)
 3 BETSY CARROLL (SBN 234751)
 4 EMILY LEAHY (SBN 253866)
 5 1900 University Avenue
 6 East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2223
 7 Telephone: 650.849.4400
 8 Facsimile: 650.849.4800
 9 Email: wendy.lazerson@bingham.com
 10
 11 Attorneys for Defendant
 12 General Motors Corporation
 13
 14
 15
 16
 17

2008 JUN 16 P 3 47

CLERK'S SUPERIOR COURT
SAN DIEGO, CA

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

10 BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of
 11 all similarly situated current and former
 12 employees of Defendants in the State of
 13 California,

Plaintiffs,

v.

14 AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland Corporation;
 15 GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION, a
 16 Delaware Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100
 17 inclusive,

Defendants.

No. 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL

DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS
 CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO
 NAMED PLAINTIFF'S CLASS
 ACTION COMPLAINTJURY TRIAL DEMANDEDComplaint Filed: May 8, 2008
 Judge: Michael M. Anello

18

19 Defendant General Motors Corporation (hereinafter "GM") answers the
 20 unverified Complaint on file herein, and each cause of action therein, as follows:

21 Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 431.30(b), GM denies,
 22 generally and specifically, each and every allegation contained in the Complaint and specifically
 23 denies that Plaintiffs have been damaged in the amounts alleged, or in any other amount, by GM.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSESFIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

26 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action fail to state a claim upon which relief can be
 27 granted.

28 //

A/72561650.2/0201222-0000333376

DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO NAMED PLAINTIFF'S
 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

1 **SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

2 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action fail to state facts sufficient to constitute a
 3 cause or causes of action.

4 **THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

5 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred because the alleged causes of
 6 action, and each of them, are uncertain, ambiguous, and/or unintelligible.

7 **FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

8 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred because Plaintiff and the
 9 purported class members were never employed by GM.

10 **FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

11 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred, in whole or part, by California
 12 statute and/or the California Code of Regulations.

13 **SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

14 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred because GM acted in good faith
 15 conformity with, and reliance on, a written administrative regulation, order, ruling, approval,
 16 and/or interpretation of the United States Department of Labor or the California Department of
 17 Industrial Relations or an administrative practice or enforcement policy of those agencies with
 18 respect to the class of employer to which GM belongs.

19 **SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

20 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred because, at all relevant times,
 21 Plaintiff and the purported class members were exempt from the overtime compensation
 22 requirements contained in the California Labor Code and in the wage orders of the Industrial
 23 Welfare Commission.

24 **EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

25 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred, in whole or in part, because all
 26 conduct by GM alleged in the Complaint was and is expressly permitted by state and/or federal
 27 statutes and regulations and, accordingly, such conduct cannot be deemed unfair or unlawful
 28 under California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200 *et seq.*

1 **NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

2 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred for failure to exhaust
3 administrative remedies.

4 **TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

5 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred by each and every applicable
6 statute of limitations, including, but not limited to, California Code of Civil Procedure sections
7 337, 338, and 340, and California Business and Professions Code section 17208.

8 **ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

9 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred by the doctrines of *res judicata*
10 and/or collateral estoppel.

11 **TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

12 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred either in whole or in part because
13 Plaintiff lacks standing.

14 **THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

15 Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action fail to state a claim against GM for punitive
16 or exemplary damages.

17 **FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

18 Plaintiff and the purported class members are not entitled to punitive damages because
19 any alleged act or omission by GM was in good faith and GM had reasonable grounds for
20 believing that its act or omission, if any, was not a violation of any applicable law.

21 **FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

22 Any award of punitive damages as sought by Plaintiff would violate the due process and
23 excessive fine clauses of the Fifth, Eighth, and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States
24 Constitution, as well as the Constitution of the State of California.

25 **SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

26 On information and belief, Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred by the
27 doctrines of waiver and estoppel.

28 //

A72561650.2/0201222-0000333376

1 SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

2 On information and belief, Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred by the
 3 doctrine of laches because Plaintiff unreasonably delayed bringing his action, which substantially
 4 prejudiced GM.

5 EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

6 On information and belief, Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred
 7 because any damages suffered by Plaintiff was proximately caused by Plaintiff's own
 8 negligence.

9 NINTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

10 On information and belief, Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred either
 11 in whole or in part by the doctrine of after-acquired evidence.

12 TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

13 On information and belief, Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred by the
 14 doctrine of unclean hands.

15 TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

16 On information and belief, Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred either
 17 in whole or in part by Plaintiff's failure to mitigate his damages claimed, if any exist.

18 TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

19 Plaintiff's alleged claims for penalties are barred, in whole or in part, because a penalty is
 20 not recoverable under California Business and Professions Code section 17200 *et seq.*

21 //

22 //

23 //

24 //

25 //

26 //

27 //

28 //

A72561650.3/0201222-0000333376

1 WHEREFORE, GM prays:

2 1. That the Complaint, and each purported cause of action therein, be dismissed with
3 prejudice;

4 2. That Plaintiff and the purported class members take nothing thereby;

5 3. That GM be awarded costs of suit;

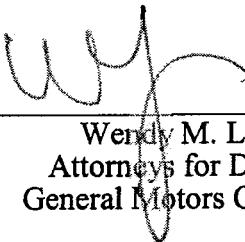
6 4. That GM be awarded attorneys' fees to the extent permitted by law; and

7 5. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

8 DATED: June 16, 2008

Bingham McCutchen LLP

9 By: _____
10


11 Wendy M. Lazerson
12 Attorneys for Defendant
13 General Motors Corporation

14 DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

15 Defendant General Motors Corporation hereby demands a jury trial.

16 Respectfully submitted,

17 DATED: June 16, 2008

Bingham McCutchen LLP

18 By: _____
19


20 Wendy M. Lazerson
21 Attorneys for Defendant
22 General Motors Corporation

23

24

25

26

27

28

1 **PROOF OF SERVICE**

2 I am over eighteen years of age, not a party in this action, and employed in San
 3 Mateo County, California at 1900 University Avenue, East Palo Alto, California 94303-2223. I
 4 am readily familiar with the practice of this office for collection and processing of
 5 correspondence for mail/fax/hand delivery/next business day June 16, 2008 delivery, and they
 6 are deposited that same day in the ordinary course of business.

7 On June 16, 2008, I served the attached:

8 DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S
 9 ANSWER TO NAMED PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION
 COMPLAINT
 JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

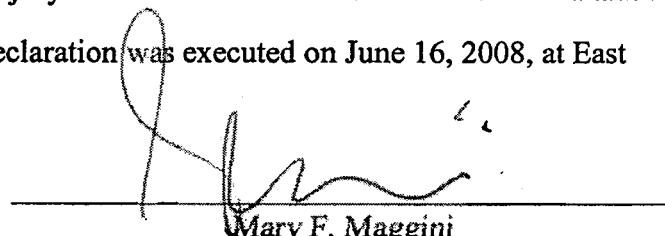
10 X (PERSONAL SERVICE) by causing a true and correct copy of the above
 11 documents to be hand delivered in sealed envelope(s) with all fees fully paid to the
 12 person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
 13 (VIA EMAIL) by transmitting a true and correct copy via email the document(s)
 14 listed above on this date before 5:00 p.m. PST to the person(s) at the email
 15 address(es) set forth below.
 16 (VIA LEXISNEXIS) by causing a true and correct copy of the document(s) listed
 17 above to be sent via electronic transmission through LexisNexis File & Serve to
 18 the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.

19 Harvey C. Berger, Esq.
 20 Pope, Berger & Williams
 550 West C St.
 17th Floor
 San Diego, CA 92101

Van A. Goodwin, Esq.
 501 W. Broadway
 Suite 900
 San Diego, California 92101-3577

21 Tim Williams, Esq.
 22 Pope, Berger & Williams
 550 West C St.
 17th Floor
 San Diego, CA 92101

23 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the
 24 foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on June 16, 2008, at East
 25 Palo Alto, California.



1 PROOF OF SERVICE ON ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
2 BY PERSONAL DELIVERY
3 (CCP 1011)

4 I am over 18 years of age, and not a party to this action.

5 On June 16, 2008, I personally delivered a copy(ies) of the following document(s):

6 DOCUMENT TITLE

7 I served a copy(ies) of the document(s) in an envelope(s) by leaving the
envelope(s) clearly labeled to identify the attorney being served:8 I left the document(s) with a receptionist or with a person having charge of
the office.
9 There was no person in the office with whom the document(s) could be left.
10 I left the document(s) between nine in the morning and five in the afternoon
in a conspicuous place in the office.

11 The name(s) and address(es) of the person(s) served as shown on the envelope(s) was/were:

12 The name(s) and address(es) of the person(s) served as shown on the envelope(s) was/were:
13 Harvey C. Berger, Esq.
14 Pope, Berger & Williams
15 550 West C St.
16 17th Floor
San Diego, CA 92101Van A. Goodwin, Esq.
501 W. Broadway
Suite 900
San Diego, California 92101-357717 Tim Williams, Esq.
18 Pope, Berger & Williams
19 550 West C St.
17th Floor
San Diego, CA 9210120
21 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the
22 foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on June 16, 2008.23 Viola Ninchak (JL)24 Viola Ninchak

25

26

27

28

A/72561650.3/0201222-0000333376

2

DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO NAMED PLAINTIFF'S
CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

EXHIBIT C

1 VAN A. GOODWIN, Bar No. 095170
 2 O. MISHELL TAYLOR, Bar No. 256850
 3 LITTLES MENDELSON
 4 A Professional Corporation
 5 501 W. Broadway, Suite 900
 6 San Diego, CA 92101-3577
 7 Telephone: (619) 232-0441
 8 Facsimile: (619) 232-4302
 9
 10 Attorneys for Defendant
 11 AEROTEK, INC.
 12
 13
 14
 15
 16
 17
 18
 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25
 26
 27
 28

FILED
 CIVIL BUSINESS OFFICE 13
 13TH FLOOR DIVISION

2008 JUN 17 A 10:03

SAN DIEGO SUPERIOR COURT
 SAN DIEGO COUNTY, CA

8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
 9
 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

10 BRIAN HOUGH, individually and on
 11 behalf of all other similarly situated current
 12 and former employees of Defendants in the
 13 State of California,

Plaintiff,

v.

14 AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland
 15 Corporation; GENERAL MOTORS
 16 CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation;
 and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL
 ANSWER OF DEFENDANT AEROTEK,
 INC. TO PLAINTIFF'S UNVERIFIED
 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Dept: C-72

Complaint Filed: May 8, 2008

17
 18
 19 Defendant AEROTEK, INC. ("Defendant" or "Aerotek"), for itself only, answers the
 20 Unverified Class Action Complaint ("Complaint") of Plaintiff BRIAN HOUGH ("Plaintiff" or
 21 "Hough") as follows:

GENERAL DENIAL

22 Pursuant to the provisions of the California Code of Civil Procedure section 431.30(d),
 23 Aerotek denies generally and specifically each and every allegation contained in Plaintiff's
 24 Complaint. In addition, Aerotek denies that Plaintiff has sustained, or will sustain, any loss or
 25 damage in the manner or amount alleged, or otherwise, by reason of any act or omission, or any
 26 other conduct on the part of Aerotek. Without conceding that it has the burden of proof or
 27 persuasion, Defendant Aerotek asserts the following affirmative defenses to the Complaint:
 28

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES**FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges the Complaint and each and every alleged cause of action therein fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that, upon information and belief, Plaintiff has failed, refused and/or neglected to mitigate or avoid the damages complained of in his Complaint, if any, and that Plaintiff is barred from recovering monies for injuries that he could have avoided through reasonable efforts.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that, with respect to each and every cause of action therein brought as a representative, class or collective action, this suit may not be properly maintained as a representative or collective action because: (a) Plaintiff has failed to plead, and cannot establish the necessary procedural elements for, such treatment; (b) a representative or collective action is not an appropriate method for the fair and efficient adjudication of any of the claims alleged in the Complaint; (c) common issues of fact or law do not predominate and, to the contrary, individual issues predominate; (d) Plaintiff's claims are not representative or typical of the claims of the putative class; (e) Plaintiff is not an appropriate class representative; (f) Plaintiff cannot fairly and adequately represent the interests of the purported group; (g) Plaintiff and alleged putative class counsel are not adequate representatives; (h) Plaintiff cannot satisfy any of the requirements for representative action treatment, and representative action treatment is neither appropriate nor constitutional; (i) there is not a well-defined community of interest in any of the questions of law or fact affecting Plaintiff and the members of the alleged putative class; (j) to the extent the alleged putative class is ascertainable and its members are identifiable, the number of such members is too small to meet the numerosity requirement for a representative action; and/or (k) Plaintiff lacks standing to represent the general public.

||||

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant alleges that, even assuming *arguendo* Plaintiff and/or any putative class member was not provided with an appropriate itemized statement of wages and deductions, as provided in Labor Code section 226(a), Plaintiff and/or the putative class members are not entitled to recover any alleged penalties or damages because the alleged failure of Aerotek to comply with Labor Code section 226(a) was not a "knowing and intentional failure" under Labor Code section 226(e) and/or Plaintiff has failed to allege facts to support each of the required elements under Labor Code 226(e).

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense Defendant alleges that certification of a class, as applied to the facts and circumstances of this case, would constitute a denial of the due process rights of Aerotek, both substantive and procedural, in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and the California Constitution. Defendant reserve the right to amend their answer upon further investigation and discovery of facts supporting this defense.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's Fourth Cause of Action is duplicative and redundant of his Third Cause of Action, and that duplicative recovery is barred and would constitute unjust enrichment to Plaintiff.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff has failed to state facts sufficient to support punitive or exemplary damages and, as such, Plaintiff is not entitled to recover punitive damages under his First and/or Second Causes of Action.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the provisions of California law providing for the award of punitive damages, and the substantive rules, procedure and standards for determining that amount, violate the due process and equal protection rights of Aerotek under the Constitutions of the United States and the State of California.

1111

1111

Firmwide:85565599.1 044953.1028

3.

ANSWER OF DEFENDANT AEROTEK, INC. TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges the Complaint, and each and every causes of action therein, is barred by the statute(s) of limitations set forth in California Code of Civil Procedure sections 338, 339 and 340, California Business and Professions Code section 17208, and other applicable statute of limitations.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant alleges that, to the extent that Plaintiff seeks to recover statutory penalties on behalf of himself and/or any putative class member under California Labor Code section 226, such claim is barred to the extent that any putative class member is employed by Aerotek as of the filing of this action and/or more than one (1) year has elapsed since the termination of their employment with Aerotek, based on the express terms of these statutes and/or the statute of limitations set forth in Code of Civil Procedure section 340.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that it is not liable for any injuries or damages of Plaintiff, if any, which were caused by factors other than any act or omission of Aerotek and/or were caused by Plaintiff's own conduct.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff is not entitled to equitable relief as requested in Plaintiff's Prayer for Relief because he has an adequate remedy at law.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleged that Plaintiff's Complaint and each cause of action set forth therein is barred in whole or in part on the grounds that some or all of the putative class members were not employed by, or under the direction and control of, Aerotek.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Complaint and each cause of action set forth therein is barred because Plaintiff lacks standing as a representatives of the proposed class and does not adequately represent the putative class members.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges the Third and Fourth Causes of Action set forth in Plaintiff's Complaint are barred by the doctrines of waiver, unclean hands, estoppel and/or laches.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes that Plaintiff's Complaint and its causes of action are barred because any damages suffered by Plaintiff was proximately caused by Plaintiff's own negligence.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Complaint and each cause of action set forth therein is barred because Plaintiff lacks standing to sue under California Business and Professions Code section 17200 *et seq* because he has not suffered any injury in fact or lost any money or property as a result of any allegedly unlawful business practice of Aerotek.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Third and Fourth Causes of Action in Plaintiff's Complaint are barred because Aerotek acted in good faith, did not engage in any unfair business practices or otherwise violate any of the California statutes specified in Plaintiff's Complaint.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that no claim under Labor Code sections 203 can be maintained against Aerotek because there exists a *bona fide* dispute as to whether any additional compensation is actually due to Plaintiff and, if so, as to the amount of such further compensation.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleged that Plaintiff would be unjustly enriched if he prevailed on all or part of the claims set forth in their Complaint because he has already been fully compensated and/or remunerated for all of his alleged business expenses.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes that further investigation and discovery will reveal, and on that basis alleges, that Plaintiff and the members of the class he purports to represent are not entitled to payment of overtime wages because they were at all relevant times exempt from any overtime requirements pursuant to, but not limited to, exemptions provided under the applicable California Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order(s), California Labor Code section 515 and/or the Fair Labor Standards Act.

TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges, that even if Plaintiff and/or any of the putative class members were determined to be a nonexempt under applicable California and/or Federal law, a reasonable opportunity for investigation and discovery will reveal that some or all of time claimed to have been worked by Plaintiff and the putative class members are not "hours worked" within the meaning of the applicable Wage Order(s) and/or under California law.

TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense to Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by the avoidable consequences doctrine in that some or all of the damages claimed by Plaintiff and/or members of the putative class could have been avoided by reasonable efforts, including but not limited to (1) reporting any alleged expenses and affirmatively seeking reimbursement and/or (2) avoiding or refraining from unnecessary and/or unauthorized expenses, which Plaintiff failed or refused to do.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense Plaintiff and the purported class members are not entitled to punitive damages because any alleged act or omission by Aerotek was in good faith and Aerotek had reasonable grounds for believing that its acts or omission, if any, was not a violation of any applicable law.

26 ///

27 ///

28 ///

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that none of the business practices specified in Plaintiff's Complaint were "unfair," "unlawful," "deceptive" and/or "fraudulent" within the meaning of Business and Professions Code section 17200 *et seq.*

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Complaint fails to state a claim for injunctive and/or declaratory relief.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that it reimbursed Plaintiff for all business expenses he incurred and reported, in accordance with its written expense guidelines.

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes that further investigation and discovery will reveal, and on that basis alleges, that Plaintiff is not entitled to recover any damages because any purported violation of the Labor Code and/or an Wage Order issued by the Industrial Welfare Commission (which Aerotek denies) was the result of a reasonable, good faith error or omission, Aerotek substantially and in good faith complied with all applicable laws and/or any act or omission on the part of Aerotek was not a violation of the Labor Code and/or applicable Order issued by the Industrial Welfare Commission.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes that further investigation and discovery will reveal, and on that basis alleges, that any alleged injury to Plaintiff was caused by and/or due to independent and/or unauthorized actions by Plaintiff.

THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Aerotek for any violation of Labor Code sections 221 and/or 450.

THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Aerotek for any violation of Labor Code sections 221 and/or 450.

ADDITIONAL DEFENSES

Defendant does not presently know all facts respecting conduct by Plaintiff and/or the members of the class Plaintiff purports to represent sufficient to state all affirmative defenses at this time. Accordingly, Defendant reserves the right to amend this Answer should it later discover facts demonstrating the existence of additional affirmative defenses.

WHEREFORE, Defendant Aerotek prays that:

1. The Complaint be dismissed in its entirety with prejudice, and that neither Plaintiff nor any putative plaintiff or class member take nothing by the Complaint;
2. Judgment be entered against Plaintiff and in favor of Defendant;
3. Aerotek be awarded its costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees incurred herein; and
4. The Court award Aerotek such other and further relief as it deems appropriate.

Dated: June 17, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation

By: *Van A. Goodwin*
VAN A. GOODWIN

Attorneys for Defendant
AEROTEK, INC.

PROOF OF SERVICE

FILED
CIVIL BUSINESS OFFICE 13
CENTRAL DIVISION
2008 JUN 17 A 10:03

I am a resident of the State of California, over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. My business address is 501 W. Broadway, Suite 900, San Diego, California 92101-3577. On June 17, 2008, I served the within document(s) in the manner(s) set forth below.

ANSWER OF DEFENDANT AEROTEK, INC. TO PLAINTIFF'S UNVERIFIED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

- by facsimile transmission at or about _____ on that date. This document was transmitted by using a facsimile machine that complies with California Rules of Court Rule 2003(3), telephone number 619.232.4302. The transmission was reported as complete and without error. A copy of the transmission report, properly issued by the transmitting machine, is attached. The names and facsimile numbers of the person(s) served are as set forth below.
- by placing a true copy of the document(s) listed above for collection and mailing following the firm's ordinary business practice in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid for deposit in the United States mail at San Diego, California addressed as set forth below.
- by depositing a true copy of the same enclosed in a sealed envelope, with delivery fees provided for, in an overnight delivery service pick up box or office designated for overnight delivery, and addressed as set forth below.
- by personally delivering a copy of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.

Mr. Harvey C. Berger, Esq.
Pope, Berger & Williams
550 West C Street, Suite 1400
San Diego, CA 92101-3545
Phone: (619) 595-1366
Fax: (619) 236-9677

Attorneys for Plaintiff
BRIAN HOUGH

Wendy M. Lazerson
Bingham McCutchen LLP
1900 University Avenue, 4th Floor
East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2223
Phone: (650) 849-4840
Fax: (650) 849-4800

Attorneys for Defendant
GENERAL MOTORS
CORPORATION

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing and for shipping via overnight delivery service. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service or if an overnight delivery service shipment,

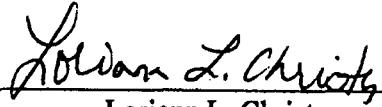
Firmwide: 85589857.1 044953.1028

PROOF OF SERVICE

C0041

1 deposited in an overnight delivery service pick-up box or office on the same day with postage or fees
2 thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business.

3 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the
4 above is true and correct. Executed on June 17, 2008, at San Diego, California.

5 
6

7 Loriann L. Christy
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

1 Bingham McCutchen LLP
2 WENDY M. LAZERSON (SBN 97285)
3 BETSY CARROLL (SBN 234751)
4 EMILY LEAHY (SBN 253866)
5 1900 University Avenue
6 East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2223
7 Telephone: 650.849.4400
8 Facsimile: 650.849.4800
9 Email: wendy.lazerson@bingham.com

10
11 Attorneys for Defendant
12 General Motors Corporation

13
14
15 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
16 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

17 BY FAX

18
19 BRIAN HOUGH, individually, and on behalf of
20 all similarly situated current and former
21 employees of Defendants in the State of
22 California,

23 Plaintiffs,

24 v.

25 AEROTEK, INC., a Maryland Corporation;
26 GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION, a
27 Delaware Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100
28 inclusive,

Defendants.

29 No. 37-2008-00083508-CU-MT-CTL

30 PROOF OF SERVICE

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

1

PROOF OF SERVICE

2 I am over eighteen years of age, not a party in this action, and employed in San
 3 Mateo County, California at 1900 University Avenue, East Palo Alto, California 94303-2223. I
 4 am readily familiar with the practice of this office for collection and processing of
 5 correspondence for mail/fax/hand delivery/next business day, and they are deposited that same
 6 day in the ordinary course of business.

7 On June 17, 2008, I caused to be served the attached:

8 DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S
 9 NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO FEDERAL COURT;

10 DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S
 11 NOTICE TO ADVERSE PARTY OF REMOVAL TO FEDERAL
 COURT;

12 (BY FAX) by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax
 13 number(s) set forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m.

14 (BY MAIL) by causing a true and correct copy of the above to be placed in the
 15 United States Mail at East Palo Alto, California in sealed envelope(s) with postage
 16 prepaid, addressed as set forth below. I am readily familiar with this law firm's
 17 practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the
 United States Postal Service. Correspondence is deposited with the United States
 Postal Service the same day it is left for collection and processing in the ordinary
 course of business.

18 (EXPRESS MAIL/OVERNIGHT DELIVERY) by causing a true and correct copy
 19 of the document(s) listed above to be delivered by _____ in sealed
 envelope(s) with all fees prepaid at the address(es) set forth below.

20 (PERSONAL SERVICE) by causing a true and correct copy of the above
 21 documents to be hand delivered in sealed envelope(s) with all fees fully paid to the
 22 person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.

23 (VIA EMAIL) by transmitting via email the document(s) listed above on this date
 24 before 5:00 p.m. PST to the person(s) at the email address(es) set forth below.

25

26

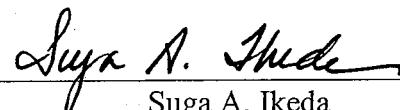
27

28

1 Harvey C. Berger, Esq.
2 Pope, Berger & Williams
3 550 West C Street, 17th Floor
4 San Diego, CA 92101

5 Tim Williams, Esq.
6 Pope, Berger & Williams
7 550 West C Street, 17th Floor
8 San Diego, CA 92101

9
10 I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at
11 whose direction the service was made and that this declaration was executed on June 17, 2008, at
12 East Palo Alto, California.

13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28


10 _____
11 Suga A. Ikeda
12

1 PROOF OF SERVICE ON ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
2 BY PERSONAL DELIVERY

3 I am over 18 years of age, and not a party to this action.

4 On June 17, 2008, I personally delivered a copy(ies) of the following document(s):

5 DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S
6 NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO FEDERAL COURT;

7 DEFENDANT GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION'S
8 NOTICE TO ADVERSE PARTY OF REMOVAL TO FEDERAL
9 COURT;

10 I served a copy(ies) of the document(s) in an envelope(s) by leaving the
11 envelope(s) clearly labeled to identify the attorney being served:

12 I left the document(s) with a receptionist or with a person having charge of
13 the office.

14 There was no person in the office with whom the document(s) could be left.
15 I left the document(s) between nine in the morning and five in the afternoon
16 in a conspicuous place in the office.

17 The name(s) and address(es) of the person(s) served as shown on the envelope(s) was/were:

18 Harvey C. Berger, Esq.
19 Pope, Berger & Williams
20 550 West C Street, 17th Floor
21 San Diego, CA 92101

22 Van A. Goodwin, Esq.
23 501 W. Broadway, Suite 900
24 San Diego, California 92101-3577

25 Tim Williams, Esq.
26 Pope, Berger & Williams
27 550 West C Street, 17th Floor
28 San Diego, CA 92101

29 I declare that I am employed by the office of a member of the bar of this court at
30 whose direction the service was made and that this declaration was executed on June 17, 2008.

31 Nate Youngman

32 Nate Youngman